Federal & Indian Gaming Law	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING of the United State BUSINESS ACT - PART 1	
with Greg Gemignani	
RECAP	
<ul> <li>Elements to look for in a gambling scheme</li> <li>Variations on what constitutes the elements</li> </ul>	
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RECAP	
• Forders   William A.	
Federal Wire Act  Essence of the act  What is the business of wagering	
Pre-2011 DOI Interpretation vs. 5th Circuit  Lombards Interpretation pad in re Mantercard  Ocenteire 2011 DOI Interpretation  Limited Exemptions	·
*Linked Exemptions	

HISTORY	
HISTORY	
By 1970, organized crime was still a significant issue for law enforcement.	
<ul> <li>Calls were made by law enforcement for stronger efforts by the federal government to</li> </ul>	
assist states in enforcing their laws with regard to illegal gambling.  The following F8I training movie from 1971 highlights the issue of the time	
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HISTORY https://www.youtube.com/watchiv=ey083/QiiU	
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HISTORY	
THOTOKI	
• In response, Congress enacted the Organized Crime Act of 1970 that	
included the Illegal Gambling Business Act.	

ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
• (b) As used in this section—	
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HIECAL CAMPINIC DISINESS ACT	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
<ul> <li>18 U.S.C. §1955 the Statute</li> <li>(2) "gambling" includes but is not limited to pool-selling, bookmaking,</li> </ul>	

ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT   • 18 U.S.C. §1955 the Statute  • What do you think the phrase "conducts, finances, manages, supervises, directs, or owns all or part of an illegal gambling business" means?  **Does it cover betternit**	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
• Owns?	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT  • Directs?	

ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	-
TEEE CALE CAN IN ISERIA CO SOCIA LEGISANCA	
• Supervises?	
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HIECAL CAMPING BUGINESS ACT	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
• Manages?	
Mulagest	-
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
• Finances?	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
• Conducts?	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
The Box Opinion  Facts  The core billing order  The c	
ir	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT  The Box Opinion What is a layoff bet?	

* What is a layoff bet?  * What is a layoff bet?  * Bookmake At contents but \$100,000 on Denier (-2.5) and \$50,000 on Secretic (+2.5) in the Super Bowl last week.  * Bookmake A contents but collected \$15,000 of vig (10% of all wagers).  * If Deniver wins by 3 or more be is our \$15,000 above the vig the bookmaker collected.	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT  • What is a layoff bet? • Bookmoker A doesn't have \$35,000 laying around to pay off the bets if Deriver wins by 3 or more.	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT  * What is a layoff bet? * Soutmaker A doesn't have \$15,000 laying around to pay off the bets if Deriver wins. * What can be do?	

• What is a layoff bet?  • Sociancies A doesn't have \$35,000 laying around to pay off the bets if Denver wins.  What one he did?  • What if Customer 8 calls to place a \$50,000 wager on Denver!	
• What is a layoff bet?  • What is a layoff bet?  • Whe solution is a layoff bet.  • When the solution is a layoff bet.  • What is a layoff bet.  • What is a layoff bet?  • What is a layoff bet?  • What is a layoff bet?  • What is a layoff bet.  • What is a layoff bet.	
The Box Opinion  What is the governments position regarding Box?  He is a backmaker because he was involved in laying off bets which by its definition is a transaction between backmakers.	

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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
• Now does the court address the "toy off" best are always between bookmakers argument? In several, does not write the individual coupring a lay off best from a bookmaker seed not be acceled to be consider. Thus the several coupring is the coupring to be off the problem of the bookmakers offer from with retail customers, and being self-cered coupling to the first stoking of 11 to 10 odds panel fittle problem. On the other less with the individual could be a more better who wanted to be \$4000 on Dollar \$6, but was told by his bookmaker that no more such best were being interned was writered by the bookmakers to coupri shend or wagen in which the better received 11 to 10 odds for agreement but the problem of the pro	
individual could be a mere bettor who wanted to bet \$4000 on Dalias \$ 6, but was told by his bookmaker that no more such bets were being tokken and was invited by the bookmaker to occept intended a wager in which the bettor received 11 to 10 adds for agreeing to bet on Pittsburgh. The point of all this is that a "lay off" bet should be defined solely in relation to the occupation	
and the purpose of the person making the define occupation and motives of the person accepting the definition.	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
The Box Opinion	
It seems clear, however, that the individual accepting a lay off bet from a bookmaker need not be another bookmaker. That individual could be part of a professional 'lay off' operation, an	
• The Box Opinion • How does the court address the "lay off" bets are always between bookmakers argument? It seems clear, however, that the individual accepting a lay off bet from a bookmaker need not be another bookmaker. That individual could be part of a professional "lay off operation, an organization dealing only with bookmakers rather than with retail customers, and hoving sufficient capital so that risk-taking at 11 to 10 odds posed little problem. On the other hand, the individual could be a mere bettor who wanted to bet \$4000 on Dallas \$ 6, but was told by his bookmaker that no more such who wanted to bet \$4000 on Dallas \$ 6, but was told by his bookmaker that no more such bets were being taken and was invited by the bookmaker of the properties of the person making the bet-the occupation and the purpose of the person accepting the bet are irrelevant to the definition. As explained above, we reject the premise of this argument-a lay off bet is one placed by a bookmaker, but the individual accepting the bet need not be a bookmaker.	
by his bookmaker that no more such bets were being taken and was invited by the bookmaker to accept instead a wager in which the bettor received 11 to 10 odds for agreeing to bet on Pittsburgh. The point of all this is that a 'lay off' bet should be defined solely in relation to the	
occupation and the purpose of the person making the bet-the occupation and motives of the person accepting the bet are irrelevant to the definition.  As explained above, we reject the premise of this argument-a lay off bet is one placed by a	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BOSINESS ACT	
The Box Opinion	
• How does the court address whether Box is a bookmaker? Hong stabilished the tax exerces be based to absolutely, we have not yet shown his to be within an unavailable by positive of innocency, because 1925 dentify our meant to prescribe some bookmaking related activities of individuals who were real temporary bookmaker. The glidater behalf of popular sets of 1925 oppositive propositions are consistent of the popular behalf of the popular set of 1925 oppositive propositions are consistent on the ownership, imagingment, or conduct of an illegal gambling business. The term 'conduct' refers both to high level bosses and street level employees.	
management, or conduct of an illegal gambing business. The Term "conducts' refers both to high level bosses and street level employees.	

ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
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The Box Opinion     How does the court address whether Box is a bookmaker?	
The duck upland.  How does the court address whether Box is a bookmaker?  Lone who accepts by off best can be convicted if any of the following factors is also presents evidence that the individual provided a regain market for a light value of such best, or held hitmest fact to the co-validable for such best whenever bookmakers needed to make them; evidence that the individual performed any other outstands service for the bookmaker's operation, up to example, in the supply of the informations; or evidence that the individual was conducting his own illegal gambling operation and was regularly exchanging lay off best with the other bookmakers.	
gambling operation and was regularly exchanging lay off bets with the other backmakers	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	-
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BOSINESS ACT	
Discussion	
Are bettors subject to the Illegal Gambling Business Act prohibits as bettors?	
When does one become more than a mere bettor?	
*	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
Merrell Opinion	
* Facts	
<ul> <li>Merrell is a janitor and waiter in a gambling house in Detroit</li> <li>In 1979 and 1980 FBI agents undertook surveillance of the gambling house</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>In April 1980, the gambling house was raiding and Merrell was arrested</li> <li>Merrell found guilty of violating 1955</li> </ul>	
Metren foolid gointy of violating 1933—	

ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
Merrell Opinion     Merrell's argument	
Based on an earlier 10th circuit opinion that stated waitresses whose sole function was to serve drinks both to dance hall patrons and to gamblers in an adjacent room were statistically applied to the particular state of the particular state	
not subject to prosecution under section 1955 because only conduct strictly necessary to the gambling operations was reached by the statute and serving drinks wasn't necessary.	
<ul> <li>Likewise, a janitor and waiter are not necessary to the gambling operations, unlike dealers, runners, guards and the like.</li> </ul>	
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HIEROTT OF THE PROPERTY OF	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
Merrell Opinion     Merrell's argument — THE BOSS OPINION	
Boss sublets the frost portion of a building for a restaurant from Davidson     Davidson retains the back room for dice games     The waltresses from the restaurant serve both the restaurant and dice game participants.	
<ul> <li>Davidson only lifed one employee to work in the dice game room (a stick man), and hires two bouncers to quard the door.</li> <li>Davidson and the two bouncers plead out, leaving Boos to be tried alone.</li> </ul>	
Merrell organement — THE BOSS OPINION Boss sublats the front portion of a building for a restaurant from Davidson Davidson retains the book room for dike games The waitresser from the restaurant serve both the restaurant and dike game participants. Davidson only hired one employee to work in the dike game room (a stick man), and hires two bouncers to guard the door. Davidson and the two bouncers plead out, leaving Boss to be tried alone. Boss appeals his conviction Under the IGSA based on an argument that there were less than 5 people conducting the Illegal gambling. The Government argues any two of the three waitresses or the bartender hired by Boss can be used to reach the jurisdictional three.	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
Manufil Opinion     Manufil Opinion     Manufil Opinion — THE BOSS OPINION	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
Merrell Opinion     Court's View of Merrell's Argument	
•The major flaw in appellant's argument is that the strict necessity test	
has only been adopted by the Boss court. The prevailing rule is that one "conducts" a gambling business if that person performs any act,	
duty or function which is necessary or helpful in operating the enterprise.	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
Merrell Opinion	
Court's View of Merrell's Argument  • Merrell's actions clearly aided the gambling operation involved here. By serving coffee,	
appellant helped the bettors to continue wagering without interruption. By cleaning up and preparing the gambling area for future sessions, appellant helped to provide an attractive place for bettors to congregate in order to wager. In light of the authorities from the fifth,	<u> </u>
preparing in a guinning area for intoler sessions, upontain inspect to provide an articitive place for betters to congregate in order to wager. In light of the authorities from the fifth, seventh and eighth circuits, we hold that persons who regularly aid gambling enterprises should be subject to prosecution under section 1955 even though their conduct may not be strictly necessary to the success of such businesses.	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	·
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BOSINESS ACT	
Merrell Opinion	
*Court's View of Merrell's Argument *Shop the Boss case roled to the control y, we decline to follow it.	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	-
Discussion     Where should the line be drawn for conducting an illegal gambling business?	-
The rest should the line be drown for conducting on linegal gamoing bouness?  For an Illegal online genemilian publishes, discuss whether the following activities could be or should be considered conducting on Illegal gambling business:  Providing redict and envices  Providing funds transfer services  Acting to place advertisements for the online site  Taking and numling advertishing for an online sparsbook  Purchaing publicly traded stock in an online sparsbook operating out of the U.K.  Providing software for an online sparsbook  Providing software for an online sparsbook  Providing software for an online sparsbook	
Providing funds transfer services Acting to place advertisements for the online site Taking and running advertising for an online sportsbook	
Prioriting judicity trades sick in a manue sportbook operating out or the U.K. Providing softwar for an office sportbook Providing accounting software for an aniline sportsbook	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
Mick Opinion	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
Mick Opinion - Facts     Robert Mick consisted of violatina 18 USC 1955	
** MICK O'Unition - Facts  Robert Mick convicted of violating 18 USC 1955  Mick was a booke and bar owner from 1984-1997 in Alliance, Ohio Mick said the bar in 1997 and Need salely of 40 book making income  Mick had a friend, Cheryl Stolker, Install a cost fibroverding number from Louiville KY to expand his business Mick man the business with in galfriend Harries Rodarinks!  Mick had a subcription to Dan Best sports for live odds.  Mick also had an arrangement with a treem and tream owner to distribute and collect parlay cards.  Mick had an arrangement with a treem and tream owner to distribute and collect parlay cards.	
nees not hit audicité win in grant des horrals érodusses. Mak hold a subscription to Don des reports heir bed dis. Mak dats lacid an arrangement with a towern and towen owner to distribute and collect parlay cards. Mak hold an arrangement with a cor work bener/ Jostfor.	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
Mick Opinion – Mick's Defense	
** MICK O'pinion — MICK S DETENSE  A trid, Mick admired to being a bookinest, the primary defense was a challenge to the government's evidence on a key element of a (1955 constituted the requirement that the goundling business, "Incohe] [The or more persons who conduct, finance, menage, supervise, direct, or own all or part of such business." ISLISC \$1955(1)(16):  *Webchollenges the sufficiency of the vidence supporting the jury's conclusion that this activities contributed on "fillingal gambling business" parsonnt to 181155. \$1955.  *Web claim that there was intellificant prior to show, beyond a reasonable doubt, that this business "irrolves five or more persons who conduct, finance, manage, supervise, direct, or own all or part of such business."	
supervise, direct, or own all or part of such business." 18 U.S.C. § 1955(b)(1)(ii)  * Mick	
business" pursuant to 18.U.S.C. \$ 1955	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
Mick Opinion — Court Analysis	
In considering whether a person's involvement constitutes sufficient "conduct" to be counted as one of the five people required to	
In considering whether a person's involvement constitutes sufficient "conduct" to be counted as one of the five people required to satisfy § 1955, that court has held than "Congress intended the word conduct to refer to both high level bases and streat level employees." Martine, 502 22 dat 888 (counting the documen in an apumbling duth as one of the princiational free justices) and provided the provided of the provided to the justice of the provided by Don Best Sports, as one of the invinciational five. See United States v. Heacod, 3 T. 632 424, 525 (5th Co.1594).	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
ILLEGAL OAMBLING BOSINESS ACT	
<ul> <li>Mick Opinion — Court Analysis</li> <li>Based on this court's interpretation of the degree of "conduct" necessary to be counted in the jurisdictional requirement of five</li> </ul>	
participants, there is overwhelming evidence to support the jury's conclusion that \$ 1955, was satisfied. Mick does not dispute that he, Brodzinski, and at least one of his som can be counted towards the jurisdictional five. There was also abundant we vidence supporting the jury's conclusion that bookingkers sub at Frink Birth, Richard Catholic, Audrew Schaelder, and Finence Smith	
placed regular layoff bets with Mick. Furthermore, Mick's agreements with Campbell (who distributed parlay sheets for Mick)	
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but actions who disease make to diluce a templorar line on one modely when so uniformly regard until regards of any among business to permit he jury to court them as well, indeed, the summary obove is actually an incomplete listing of all the people who regularly acided Mick's gambling enterprise. We therefore find no ment in Mick's challenge to the jury's conclusion that his activities contribute on "libgal gambling business" prosument to J.B.U.S.C. § 1955.	
• Mid-Opinion - Court Analysis and of the court of the days of the country to be counted in the jurisdictional requirement of the portificates, there is non-whething reliance to expose the jury's conduction that J.125 was settled, Mid-does not disjourned to let, the obtained, and a feet once of this court on the country of the jury's conduction that J.125 was settled, Mid-does not disjourned to expose the jury's conduction that bools indeed such a frank filtrick, Richard Conhot, Andrew Schendisty, and Eugene similar supporting the jury's conduction that bools indeed such a frank filtrick, Richard Conhot, Andrew Schendisty, and Eugene similar point of the jury's conduction that the property of the property	
balances to permit the law y to count them as well helderd, the summory above is accountly on incomplete listing of all the people who regularly olded holds; genetiting reviews. We therefore and find no sent in MacK's challenge to the jury's conduction that his activities contributed an "Regall genifiling backness" pursuon to 13.14.5.cs 112.5.5.	
business to period the law y to count them as well helderd, the summour above is occupilly on incomplete listing of all the people who regularly died hands yet generalize. We therefore died nonement helds: challenge to the jarry's conduction that his activities contributed an "likegal gamillaing business" pursuont to 18 1/5.50\$ 112-55.	
buliess to period the lay to count them as well helderd, the summory above is occupilly on incomplete listing of all the people who regularly died hands's peopling regime. We therefore died not near the MAX's challenge to the jary's conduction that his activities constituted an "Regul gambling busines" pursoent to 18 tuits CS 112-55.	
balansa to permit the lay to count them as well, befored, the summory above is caucilly on incomplete listing of all the people who regularly died hands's possible, permitse. We therefore find no near the Mick! doclenge to the jary's conduction that his activities constituted an "Regul gambling business" pursuant to 18 U.S.C. \$ 1035.	

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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
For the first semester, things are great and Marty and Pete clear \$50,000, enough for tuition, books, room, food and lots	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
* He asks for site terms that will ensure that there is no problem offering the	
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HIEGAL CAMPING BUSINESS ACT	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
Marry and Peta, former investment bankers, move to Nevada and decide to form an LLC to open an online site to let people bet on news Items such as the weekly usemply ment rate.  They live a cofferow o company in India to develop the software and operate the servers.	
Discussion Marty and Pete, former investment baskers, more to Nevada and decide to form on LLC to open an online site to let people bet an news Items such as the weekly usemployment rate. They like a orthrear company in Italia to develop the software and aperate the servers. They like a we've developer in Son Francisco to develop the we'd tale. They go live and make \$800,000 puts in the first of months. They more to Vinacover Canada after having about legal risks in the U.S. and transfer the Nevada LLC assets to a newly formed Canadian corporation.	

ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
ILLEGAL GAMDLING BUSINESS ACT	
Soons that is indicating, lany dougle and cost couple for the it in it.  Sommy refers, so file to the game ancibles to value store and the init in overan and class the business. To those that prochased video game assessed in products locally send fare with whether in materiance acid.  In a product of the contraction of the contraction and the local the sound of the contraction of the local send of the	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
* What are their risks and defenses?	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
The Follin Opinion	

ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
The Follin Opinion	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
<ul> <li>The Follin Opinion</li> <li>In light of Follin's arguments, what did the court identify as the central issue?</li> </ul>	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
The Follin Opinion	

ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
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• The Follin Opinion	
<ul> <li>Does the court identify a bright line rule for what is necessary or helpful?</li> <li>No bright line can be drawn as to what is "necessary or helpful" in all instances; such a determination depends on the facts in a given situation and the evidence presented to the jury.</li> </ul>	
expense on the locks in a given another in the releases, persented to the pri).  Practice Tip - Whether certain behavior is sufficiently "necessary or helpful" to be "conducting" an illegal gambling business is a question of fact and not low; therefore,	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
• The Follin Opinion	
Does the court identify a bright line rule for what is necessory or helpful?  No bright line can be drawn as to what is "necessory or helpful" in all instances; such a determination depends on the facts in a given studion and the evidence presented to the layr.	
<ul> <li>Practice Tip - Whether certain behavior is sufficiently "necessary or helpful" to be "conducting" an illegal gambling business is a question of fact and not low; therefore,</li> </ul>	
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FWA & IGBA	
<ul> <li>Both require being in the business of betting or wagering.</li> <li>How do they differ in determining whether one is in the business of betting or wagering?</li> </ul>	
to the former of determining whether one is in the domest or defining or wagetings	
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FWA & IGBA	
BARBORIAN  In practice 2 1055 Convert did not intend to make all normalize hydrographics to federal avacantion, online	
In enacting 1755, Congress did not intend to make all gambling businesses subject to federal prosecution, rather the statute was 'thrended to reach only those persons who prey systematically upon our ditzens and whose syndicated operations are so continuous and substantials as to be of hardmard concern.'	<del></del>
In regard to a 1084(a), however, there is nothing to indicate that Congress intended only to punish large-scale gambling businesses. The basis of federal jurisdiction underlying a 1084(a) is the use of intensiste communications facilities, which is wholly distinct from the connection between large-scale gambling business and the Blass of the	
gamaning chaireses. The account of the control of t	
matrizations moved in an inegal gamaining assiness under 3 i 79.3 is not required under 3 i 104(a) is not limited to persons who are exclusively engaged in the business of betting or wagering and the statute does not distinguish between persons engaged in such business on their own behalf and those engaged in the business	
on behalt of others.	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
• The Truesdale Opinion	
Often cited by online gaming proponents as support for the argument that the IGBA cannot apply to off-shore wagering.	
apply to an-store wagering.	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
• The Truesdale Opinion	
* The Facts	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
The Truesdale Opinion     The Facts	
Jones was the head of Spectrum or World Sportsbook that operated out of the Dominican Republic, Jamaica, and Dailas.	
<ul> <li>Jones was the head of Spectrum or World Sportsbook that operated out of the Dominican Republic, Jamaica, and Dallas.</li> <li>Spectrum and World Sportsbook were licensed in the Dominican Republic and Jamaica to take spots wagers via international phone calls.</li> </ul>	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
• The Truesdale Opinion	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
<ul> <li>The Irvestacle Opinion         The Conviction         The just found Trustaclie, Hamilton, and Milner not guilty of compiracy, but guilty on several counts of money laundering, and guilty of lilegal gambling. Jones was convicted of conspiracy, illegal gambling, and money laundering, but found not guilty on most of the "travelling in aid of racketesting" count.     </li> <li>The IGBA conviction was based on a violation of Texas statutes prohibiling boshinaking which is defined as:         <ul> <li>"(A) to receive and record or to forward more than five best or offers to bet in a period of 24 hours;</li> <li>(B) to receive and record or to forward best or offers to bet totaling more than \$1,000 in a period of 24 hours;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
laundering and guilty of illegal gambling. Jones was convicted of conspiracy, illegal gambling, and money laundering, but found not guilty or most of the "traveling in aid of racketeering" counts.	

The Truesdale Opinion The Argument on Appeal Appellants dain that there was insufficient evidence that they engaged in illegal bookmaking in Texas, because the bookmaking portion of their business occurred in Jamaica and the Dominican Republic. They argue that no bets were received, recorded, or forwarded in Texas.	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT   * The Truesdale Opinion  The Government's Counter Argument on Appeal  The government's Counter Argument on Appeal  The government, however, argues that the jury could have inferred that the operation received, recorded, or forwarded bets, and thereby conducted illegal bookmaking, in Exox, and, in the alternative, the government argues that the peroration conducted flameal transactions related to the gambling operation with bettors in Texas, and, thus, a part of the betting operation's business was transacted in Texas, in violation of Texas law.	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT  • The Truesdale Opinion • The Government's Counter Argument on Appeal • The government's Counter Argument on Appeal • The government, however, argues that the jury could have inferred that the operation received, recorded, or forwarded bets, and thereby conducted illegal bookmaking, in Texas, and, in the alternative, the government argues that the operation conducted financial transactions related to the gambling operation with bettors in Texas, and, thus, a part of the betting operation's business was transacted in Texas, in violation of Texas law.	

ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
• The Truesdale Opinion	
The Court's View  • The Texas bookmaking statute prohibits recording, receiving, and forwarding bets; where and how the money is paid out is irrelevant under section 47.03(a)(2). 5 Becoming a custodian of money that is used to place bets	
• The Exoto bookmoking statute prohibits recording, neceiving, and forwarding bets; where and how the money is paid out is irrelevant under section 47.03(a)(2), 5 Becoming a custodian of money that is used to place bets offshore would be a violation of section 47.03(a)(3). However, the indictment did not allege that the appellants violated section 47.03(a)(3) and the jury was not instructed on any such violation. Nor was the case tried on that theory, in short, the government's case and the jury's vertical were focused exclusively on illegal bookmaking, and we cannot affirm the case on a different theory.	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
The Truesdale Opinion	
The Aftermath  • Many courts have distinguished Truesdale when addressing online gaming.  • Ultimately, the Truesdale opinion means that the underlying state offense charged must be consistent with the facts of the case for a conviction. Note, the court went out of its way to state that the defendant's probably violated other Texas gambling prohibitions, but not the prohibition with which they were charged.	
facts of the case for a conviction. Note, the court went out of its way to state that the defendant's probably violated other Texas gambling prohibitions, but not the prohibition with which they were charged.	
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ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT	
The Truesdale Opinion	

ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT  • The Poker Indictments	
ILLEGAL GAMBLING BUSINESS ACT  • The Poker Indictments	
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remotes billions of dollars from Obited States residents easy spatial through the roles companies. The principals of the property of the control of the	volume size of a	
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institutions - including basis insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation - into processing billions of dollars in gashing transactions for the baker Companies. Approximately con-third or now of the Dank deposited by penhisms went CHROCKLY ONE PROVE COMPANIES AS DEPOSIT NAME TO TAKE THE		
Poler Companies charged players on almost every poler hand played online.  The befordance and their Associated Entities		
<ol> <li>At all times relevant to this Indictment, TART SCHIBBERS, the defendant, was a founder, owner, and principal decision-maker for roberstars, an internet poker company founded</li> </ol>		
in or about 2001 with headquarters in the Isle of Marm. Through its website, pokersears.com. rokenStars provided real-money gambling on intermet poker games to Onited States customers. At		
various times relevant to this Indiotests. Pokestine did business through several privately held corporations and other entities, including but not limited to Oldford Group Ltd.,		-
National Entertainment Enterprises Ltd., Pyr Software Ltd., Stelekram Ltd. and Sphame International Ltd. (collectively, "Folerstare").		
<ol> <li>At all times relevant to this Indictment, MARGETO malass, the defendant, was a founder, owner, and principal decision-maker for Pull Tilt Poker, an intermet poker company</li> </ol>		
founded in or about 2004 with beedquarters in Ireland. Through	71	
40. From in or about Detober 2016 up to and including		
in or about March 1011, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, DCUTT TOM, RMEMT BUCKLET, RIAN LAWS, BRADLET FRANCES, IRA RIBIN and CHAD ELIE, the defendants, persons engaged in the		-
hosiness of betting and vagering and persons aiding and abetting persons in the business of betting and wagering, did knowingly accept, in connection with the participation of another person in		
unlawful internet quebling, to wit, quebling through Absolute Foker in violation of New York Fenal Law Sections 223.40 and 225.05 and the laws of other states where Absolute Rober operated,		
credit, and the proceeds of credit, extended to and on bahalf of such other person, isoluding credit extended through the use of a credit card, and an electronic fund transfer and the proceeds of		
an electronic fund transfer from and on behalf of such other person, and a chaok, draft and similar instrument which was drawn by and on behalf of such other person and was drawn on and payable		
at and through any financial institution.  (Title 31, United States Code, Deccions 5353 and 5366, Title 18 united Scates Code, Deccion 4).  COURT FIVE		
Operation of an Illegal Gashling Business: FokezStarwi The Grand Jury further charges: 41. Paragraph 1 through 31 of this Indictment are		-
41. Varigings 1 introgs 51 of this Indicement are repeated and realleged as if fully set forth herein.  38	72	

42. Prom at lea	st in or about 1001 up to and including	
	the Southern District of New York and	
	BELICON NURTHICK, PAUL TATE, KYAN LAND,	
	CHAD HAIR, and JOHN CHARGE, the	
	Ifully, and knowingly did conduct,	
	direct, and own all and part of an	
	samely a business that engaged in and	
	windshire of New York State Sensi Law	
	and the law of other states in which	
	which business involved five and nore	
	sced, managed, supervised, directed,	
	not business, and which business had	
	setantially continuous operation for a	
	lays and had gross revenues of \$2,000	
	defendants operated and midel and	
abetted the operation of Fo		
	ster Code. Sections 1955 and 2.1	
112020 20, 002200 200	OCCUPATION AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE P	
	Gambling Dupiness: Pull Tilt Pober)	
The Grand Jury fu		
	through 31 of this Indictment are	
repeated and realleged as i		
	bout 2004 up to and including in or	
about March 2011, in the So	athern District of New York and	
	31	

		0.5.	v. Sabi	sinberg e	t al. (10	Cr. 336)	
bet	Defendant		Citizenship		Residence		Age
153	ISAI SCHEINNENG		Canada; Israel		Isle of Man		64 (est.)
FAY	FAYMOND BITAR		United States		tates California Ireland		39
500	SCOTT TOM		United States		tates Costa Rica		31
	SECRET SECRES.		United States		Costa Rica		31
	SKTSON BUSTNICK		Canada		Ireland		60
PAK	PAUL TATE RYAN LANG ERADLEY FRANCEN			rada	Isle of 1	Man	
			Carada		Canada		36
187			United		Illinois Cost Rice		41
110	IRA BUBIN		United States		Costa Rica		52
CEU	CHAD ELIE		United States		Nevada		31
308	JOHN CAMPOS		United States		Utah		
,	Vi. In	Internet Cambling Enforcement Act (WIGHEA)  Violation of Unlawful Internet Cambling Communic Act (WIGHEA)  DokerStark		lawful SAYMONO SMBBIES SECUTE TO SECUTE TO SELSON B PAUL TAT RYAN LAN SRADLEY IRA RUBI CHAD ELI		5 years i fine of 1 twice the gain or I years sup release	
				JOHN CAMPOS ISAI SCHEIMBERG, NELSCH BURTWICK, PAUL TATE, HIRA LANG, HEALET FRAKEN, ISA ROEIN, CHAO KLIR, JOHN CAMPOS			