| Federal & Indian Gaming Law |
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| WAGERING PARAPHERNALIA ACT  |
| with Greg Gernignani        |
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| REC. | AP |  |  |  |  |
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## Federal Wire Act Essence of the act What is the business of wagering Pre-2011 DOJ Interpretation vs. 5th Circuit Lombardo Interpretation post In re Mastercard December 2011 DOJ Opinion Interpretation January 2019 DOJ Opinion Interpretation Limited Exemptions

| RECAP                                 |   |
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| Illegal Gambling Business Act         |   |
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| Illegal Gambling Business Act         |   |
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| What does it prohibit?                |   |
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| RECAP                                 |   |
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| Illegal Gambling Business Act         |   |
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| What is an illegal gambling business? |   |
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| Illegal Gambling Business Act                              |  |
| Is a bettor part of an illegal gambling business?          |  |
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| Illegal Gambling Business Act                              |  |
| What does it mean to conduct an illegal gambling business? |  |
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| Illegal Gambling Business Act                              |  |
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| What does it mean to conduct an illegal gambling business? |  |
| Being a janitor?   |  |
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| Illegal Gambling Business Act  |  |
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| What does it mean to conduct an illegal gambling business?   |  |
| Providing a line subscription?   |  |
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| Illegal Gambling Business Act  |  |
| What does it mean to conduct an illegal gambling business?   |  |
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| Do you have to be paid?  |  |
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| WAGERING PARAPHERNALIA ACT   |  |
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| 18 U.S.C. §1953 the Statute  |  |
| Interstate transportation of wagering paraphernalia  |  |
| Interstate transportation of wagering paraphernalia  (a) Whoever, except a common carrier in the usual course of its business, knowingly carries or sends in interstate or foreign commerce any record, paraphernalia, ticket, certificate, bills, slip, token, paper, writing, or other device used, or to be used, or adapted, devised, or designed for use in (a) |  |
| knowingly carries or sends in interstate or foreign commerce any record  |  |
| paraphernalia, ticket, certificate, bills, slip, token, paper, writing, or other   |  |
| device used, or to be used, or adapted, devised, or designed for use in (g)  |  |
| bookmaking; or (b) wagering pools with respect to a sporting event; or (c) in a numbers, policy, bolita, or similar game shall be fined under this title or imprisoned for not more than five years or both.   |  |
| numbers, policy, bolita, or similar game shall be fined under this title or  |  |
| imprisoned for not more than five years or both.   |  |
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| Wagering paraphernalia acc   |   |
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| 18 U.S.C. 81953 the Statute Interstate transportation of wagering paraphennalia (b) This section shall not apply to (1) parimutuel betting equipment, parimutuel tickets where legally acquired, or parimutuel   |   |
| Interstate transportation of wagering paraphenicial  (b) This section shall not apply to  (1) parimutuel betting equipment, parimutuel tickets where legally acquired, or parimutuel materials used or designed for use at racetracks or other sporting events in connection with which betting is legal under applicable State law, or construction of the state of |   |
| tickets, ar materials designed to be used within that foreign country in a lattery which is authorized<br>by the laws of that foreign country.   |   |
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| WAGERING PARAPHERNALIA ACT   |   |
| Mendelsohn Opinion Basic Facts  Mendelsohn and Bentsen developed an accounting program called SOAP  SOAP is tailored with features useful for bookmakers  Computerized methods for analyzing sports bets   |   |
| Games chedules Point spreads Odds calculator Quick erase feature Recovery program available  |   |
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| WAGERING PARAPHERNALIA ACT   |   |
| Mendelsohn Opinion Basic Facts They sell the program to Felix, an undercover policeman posing as a bookmaker   |   |
| <ul> <li>They send Felix the SOAP installation disk by mail from Nevada to California</li> <li>They are convicted under the WPA</li> </ul>   |   |
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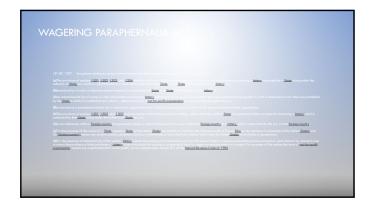
|      | VA CERNIA RARA RIFERMANA  |   |  |
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|      | WAGERING PARAPHERNALIA ACT  | - |  |
|      | Mendelsohn Opinion  |   |  |
|      | weitdessum Opinion  What are Defendants' arguments?  The disk is protected speech   |   |  |
|      | The statute is overbroad  The disk qualifies as news paper or similar publication for an exemption  |   |  |
|      | The software is not a device nor is the disk  No intent to violate the law  |   |  |
|      | Reliance on a legal opinion   |   |  |
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|      | WAGERING PARAPHERNALIA ACC  |   |  |
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|      | Mendelschn Opinion What does the court think of the commune:  |   |  |
|      | Mendelsohn Opinion What does the court think of the arguments ?  The disk is protected speech. SOAP is too instrumental in and intertwined with the performance of criminal activity to retain first amendment protection.  The Statule is too broad.  We will not invalidate this statute simply because "there are marginal applications in which   |   |  |
|      | The Statute is too broad. We will not invalidate this statute simply because "there are marginal applications in which[it] would infringe on First Amendment values."     The disk qualifiers as news paper or similar publication for on exemption   |   |  |
|      | SOAP did not bring the bookmaker any news of the betting world. It contained no information about races, games, bets, or even betting strately, Rather, SOAP helped computerize the bookmaker's system of keeping records and making bets. Classifying SOAP as a publication shalling for a newspaper requires a stratch of the statutory language.   |   |  |
|      | beyond the possible intention of Congress.  |   |  |
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|      | Wagering Paraphernalia acc  |   |  |
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|      | Mendelschi Opinion What does the ourt think of the defensed   |   |  |
|      | Mendelsohn Opinion  What does the court think of the defenses!  The software is not a device nor is the disk Although Congress heard testimony regarding tems used to record bets, such as blank lottery tickets, bookmaker's records, and flash paper, it did not limit § 1953 to those or similar items.  On the contrary, Congress employed broad language to 'permit law enforcement to keep pace with the latest developments" because organized crime has shown "great ingenuity in avoiding the law."  Measurement the defendent "records and have been as the contract of the law." |   |  |
|      | On the contrary, Congress employed broad language to "permit law enforcement to keep pace with the latest developments" because organized crime has shown "great ingenuity in avoiding the law."  |   |  |
|      | Whotever merit the defendants' argument may have with regard to such generic items as pencils, it does not encompass their computer program that was far more narrowly targeted for use in bookmaking. The few, if any, legal uses of SOAP by large bettors do not immunize   |   |  |
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| WAGERING PARAPHERNALIA ACC   |  |
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| Mendelsohn Opinion  What does the court think of the defemes?  No intent to violate the law  "Knowing" usually connotes a general intent crime, especially when the words "willfully" or "with intent to" are absent. Consequently, the only court to face this issue held that a violation of §1953 does not require specific intent to violate the law.  The defendants knew quite well what SOAP contained, because they designed it, marketed it, and instructed others on its use. They may or may not have known that selling SOAP outside of Nevada was illegal, but the statute does not require that knowledge. |  |
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| WAGERING PARAPHERNALIA ACT   |  |
| Mendelsohn Opinion  What does the court think of the defenses?  Reliance on a Legal Opinion  Mendelsohn told Detective Felix that his attorney said that selling SOAP was legal. He later told Felix that his attorney said he did not know what would happen if Mendelsohn sold SOAP interstate. Over defendants' objections, the district court found a limited waiver of the attorney/client privilege and permitted Mendelsohn's former attorney, Raby, to testify. Raby testified that he told Mendelsohn that sending SOAP outside Nevada violated federal law.  |  |
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| WAGERING PARAPHERNALIA ACT   |  |
| Mendelsohn Opinion<br>Thoughts?  |  |
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| WAGERING PARAPHERNALIA ACT  U.S. v. Norberto   |  |
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| WAGERING PARAPHERNALIA ACT  U.S. v. Norberto Basic Facts   |  |
| U.S. v. Norberto Basic Facts  Defendants are accused of operating an illegal gambling business in the U.S. that sold Spanish lattery tickets for an annual lattery called B Navidad with a top prize drawing called E Gordo.  The Spanish lattery prohibits individuals from taking any El Navidad tickets outside the courtry, though it is well known that this rule is disregarded by many and it is played by players throughout Europe and around the world.  Defendants set up operations in the U.S. and Canada to promote, import, transport, and sell El Navidad lattery tickets  Defendants used a complex web of companies to conceal the nature of the operation and launder the proceeds.  Lattery solicitations were made though mail and internet solicitations all over the world. |  |

| WAGERING PARAPHERNALIA ACT  U.S. v. Norberto  Norberto's WPA Defense   |  |
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| WAGERING PARAPHERNALIA ACT   |  |
| 18 USC 1301 - Importing or transporting lettery fickers  Whoever brings from the United States are proposed of disposing of the control of th |  |

| ny article described in <u>section 1953 of this title</u> — |
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| WAGERING PARAPHERNALIA ACT   |  |
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| U.S. v. Norberto  The Defense The Defendants contend that because the Lattery Solicitations "were 'designed to be used within the foreign countr[ies]' to which they are sent," Norberto Mem. in Sup. at 10, the startutory exceptions found in Sections 1307(b)[2] and 1953(b)[5] preclude liability. The validity of this argument hinges on the definition and interpretation of the word "wito-rice". The Defendants graue that in the context of these exceptions, the word   |  |
| The Defense The Defendants contend that because the Lattery Solicitations "were 'designed to be used within the foreign countr[les]" to which they are sent," Norberto Mem. in Sup. at 10, the statutory exceptions found in Sections 1307(b)[2] and 1953(b)[5] preclude liability. The validity of this argument hinges on the definition and interpretation of the word "authorized." The Defendants argue that in the context of these exceptions, the word "authorized," makes it lawful to send lottery materials to a foreign country that permits lotteries in general, and/or permits its citizens to play the latteries of another country. On the other hand, the Government takes a much narrower view of "authorize" and interprets it to only apply to situations where the foreign country itself runs, conducts, or administers the lattery for which the solicitations are sold. |  |
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| U.S. v. Norberto  The Defense  b)This section shall not apply to (5) the transportation in foreign commerce to a destination in a foreign country of equipment, tickets, or materials designed to be used within that foreign country in a lottery which is authorized by the laws of that foreign   |  |
| within that foreign country in a lattery which is <b>authorized</b> by the laws of that foreign country.   |  |
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| WAGERING PARAPHERNALIA ACT  On the other hand, the Government takes a much narrower view of "authorize" and interprets it to only apply to situations where the foreign country itself runs, conducts, or administers the lottery for which the solicitations are said.  |  |
| lottery for which the solicitations are sold.  |  |
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| WAGERING PARAPHERNALIA ACT |  |  |
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|                            | low," as the                                 |  |
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|                            | iminal liability<br>gations<br>s denied.     |  |
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| WAGERING PARAPHERNALIA ACT |  |  |
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| TRAVEL ACT  |   |
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| <ul> <li>The Basic Facts</li> <li>In 1966 and 1967 Polizzi and Zerilli and others (Polizzi) acquired an interest in</li> </ul>  |   |
| Vegas Frontier, Inc. Vegas Frontier, Inc. owned the Frontier Hotel in Las Vegas   |   |
|   |   |
| The Frontier operated under a Nevada gaming license.  The ownership by Polizzi was not disclosed to Nevada authorities  The trial court held that the business was involved in gambling and that Polizzi's interest was in violation of Nevada law, thus satisfying the two elements of the Travel Act. |   |
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| TRAVEL ACT  |          |
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| Polizzi Opinion The Polizzi's Travel Act Arguments Since VFI had a gaming license, the gambling activity could not be illegal within the meaning of the Travel Act Even if the VFI license was acquired fraudulently, there was no criminal violation of Nevada law. The travel act only reaches wholly unlawful businesses and since VFI was licensed, the Travel Act does not apply. The Travel Act is unconstitutionally vague |          |
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| TRAVEL ACT  | <u> </u> |
| Polizzi Opinion – The Court's Opinion  Since VFI had a gaming license, the gambling activity could not be illegal within the meaning of the Travel Act  |          |

## TRAVEL ACT

Polizzi Opinion – The Court's Opin

- The Polizzi's Travel Act Arguments
- Since VFI had a gaming license, the gambling activity could not be illegal
  within the meaning of the Travel Act
- Even if the VFI license was acquired fraudulently, there was no criminal violation of Nevada law.
- The travel act only reaches wholly unlawful businesses and since VFI was licensed, the Travel Act does not apply.
- The Travel Act is unconstitutionally vague

| TRAVEL ACT   |   |
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| Polizzi Opinion – The Court's Opinion  |   |
| <ul> <li>Even if the VFI license was acquired fraudulently, there was no criminal violation of Nevada law.</li> <li>The violations at issue were not those of VFI, but of those in control of</li> </ul> | - |
| VFI.  By violating the licensing requirement statute, Polizzi falls within the catch   |   |
| all of criminal penalties for unlicensed involvement in gaming.  Therefore the predicate criminal state law offense is met.  | - |
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| TRAVEL ACT   |   |
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| Polizzi Opinion – The Court's Opinion  | - |
| The travel act only reaches wholly unlawful businesses and since     VFI was licensed, the Travel Act does not apply.  |   |
| If the Travel Act applied only when a business activity was absolutely prohibited, the reach of the section would be materially diminished.  |   |
| Additionally, there is nothing in the evidence that Congress intended this result.   | - |
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| TRAVEL ACT   |   |
| TRAVEL ACT   |   |
| Polizzi Opinion – The Court's Opinion  |   |
| The Travel Act is unconstitutionally vague Having reached the conclusion that appellant's knowingly  |   |
| violated Nevada statutes.  Defendants did not make any argument that interstate travel or  |   |
| facilities were not used.  |   |

| TRAVEL ACT   |  |
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| Polizzi Opinion – The Court's Opinion  Convictions under the Travel Act are confirmed. |  |
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| QUESTIONS/DISCUSSION   |  |
| Questions/Discussion   |  |
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